

General Assembly

Raised Bill No. 140

January Session, 2001

LCO No. 985

Referred to Committee on Government Administration and Elections

Introduced by: (GAE)

AN ACT CONCERNING THE NEXT GENERATION OF VOTING MACHINES FOR CONNECTICUT.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Section 9-241 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 2 following is substituted in lieu thereof:
- 3 (a) All elections, primaries and referenda under this title shall be
- 4 conducted by using the same type of voting machine.
- 5 (b) On and after the effective date of this section, the Secretary of the
- 6 State may approve a new type of voting machine for use at elections,
- 7 primaries and referenda under this title only by adopting regulations
- 8 in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54. The regulations shall
- 9 include a description of the voting machine, specifications and
- 10 standards for the machine, and provisions for use of the machine,
- 11 including, but not limited to, the adjustment of the machine in
- 12 preparation for voting, process of voting, canvass of votes cast and
- 13 certifications.
- 14 (c) Any person owning or holding an interest in any voting

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(d) No voting machine which records votes by means of holes punched in designated voting response locations may used at any election, primary or referendum under this title.

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- Sec. 2. Section 9-242 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:
 - (a) A voting machine approved <u>pursuant to regulations adopted</u> by the Secretary of the State <u>under subsection</u> (b) of section 9-241, as <u>amended by this act</u>, shall be so constructed as to provide facilities for voting for the candidates of at least nine different parties or organizations. It shall permit voting in absolute secrecy. It shall be provided with a lock by means of which any illegal movement of the voting or registering mechanism is absolutely prevented. Such machine shall be so constructed that an elector cannot vote for a candidate or on a proposition for whom or on which [he] <u>the elector</u> is not lawfully entitled to vote.
 - (b) It shall be so constructed as to prevent an elector from voting for more than one person for the same office, except when [he] the elector is lawfully entitled to vote for more than one person for that office, and it shall afford [him] the elector an opportunity to vote for only as many persons for that office as [he] the elector is by law entitled to vote for, at the same time preventing [his] the elector from voting for the same person twice. It shall be so constructed that all votes cast will be registered or recorded by the machine.
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, the Secretary of the State may [approve] adopt regulations under subsection (b) of section 9-241, as amended by this act, approving a voting machine which requires the elector in the polls to place [his] the elector's ballot into the recording device and which meets the voluntary performance and test standards for voting systems adopted by the Federal Election Commission on January 25, 1990, as amended from time to time, [and regulations which the Secretary of the State may adopt in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54,] provided the voting machine shall (1) warn the elector of overvotes, (2) not record overvotes, and (3) not record more than one vote of an elector for the same person for an office.

Sec. 3. (NEW) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 9-250 of the general statutes and any other section of the general statutes, the Secretary of the State may adopt regulations approving a voting machine, in the manner provided by section 9-241 or 9-242 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, on which the names of political parties and party designations cannot be arranged in columns or horizontal rows immediately adjacent to the column or row occupied by the candidate or candidates of such political party or organization. If such a voting machine is approved, the names of the candidates on such machine shall be presented to the elector by office or position and each candidate's name shall be presented once for the office, followed by the candidate's party designation or party designations and the names shall be listed in the order of the parties specified in section 9-249a of the general statutes.

- Sec. 4. (NEW) If a voting machine approved pursuant to section 3 of this act is used at a primary, the provisions of section 9-437 of the general statutes shall apply to the voting machine, except that:
- (1) The names of party-endorsed candidates for an office or the position of town committee member shall be listed first under the appropriate title in alphabetical order, each followed by an asterisk and the words "Slate A".
- (2) Below the name of a party-endorsed candidate, if any, for a state office shall be placed the name of a candidate whose name has appeared on a single certificate filed under subsection (a) of section 9-400 of the general statutes, proposing two or more candidates and proposing one candidate for each state office to be contested at such primary. The name of such candidate shall be followed by the words "Slate B". If more than one such full slate of two or more state offices is filed, the Secretary of the State shall determine by lot, in a ceremony which shall be open to the public, the order and precedence as to alphabetical designation on the ballot of the slate on each such certificate. Below such full slates, if any, all other candidates for state office shall be placed in alphabetical order

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- (3) Below the name of a party-endorsed candidate, if any, for a district
 office shall be placed the names of all other candidates for such office in
 alphabetical order.
 - (4) Below the names of party-endorsed candidates, if any, for a municipal office shall be placed in alphabetical order the names of candidates for such office whose names appeared on a single petition proposing two or more candidates and proposing the full number of candidates for each office to be contested at such primary as the party may nominate at the primary. The name of each such candidate shall be followed by the words "Slate B". If more than one petition proposing such full slate is filed, the names on each such petition shall be placed in alphabetical order and precedence as to order and alphabetical designation of each such full slate shall be given to the candidates whose names appear on the first such petition filed and so on in chronological order. The provisions of section 9-437 of the general statutes shall apply when such order of filing is simultaneous or is unable to be determined. Below such full slates, if any, all other candidates for municipal office shall be placed in alphabetical order under the appropriate office title.
 - (5) Below the names of party-endorsed candidates, if any, for town committee shall be placed in alphabetical order the names of candidates whose names have appeared on a single petition. The name of each such candidate shall be followed by the words "Slate B". If more than one petition is filed, the names on each such petition shall be placed in alphabetical order and the order and precedence as to alphabetical designation of each such slate shall be determined in accordance with section 9-437 of the general statutes.
 - (6) In the case of a delegate primary, the slates shall be listed on the ballot in the order prescribed by section 9-437 of the general statutes and each slate shall be identified as it would have been identified pursuant to section 9-437 of the general statutes on voting machines approved prior to the effective date of this section.

- Sec. 5. (NEW) (a) There is established an account to be known as the "voting technologies account", which shall be a separate nonlapsing account within the General Fund. The account may contain any moneys required by law to be deposited in the account. The moneys in said account shall be allocated for the purposes of section 6 of this act.
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 4-30a of the general statutes, the State Treasurer shall transfer twenty million dollars of the unappropriated surplus in the General Fund for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2001, to the voting technologies account.
- Sec. 6. (NEW) (a) The Secretary of the State shall establish a program of grants to municipalities to defray the costs of acquiring and installing any new type of voting machines approved under section 1 of this act to replace existing voting machines for use by all municipalities in elections, primaries and referenda under title 9 of the general statutes. Such grants shall be used for voting machines approved pursuant to sections 9-241 and 9-242 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, and sections 3 and 4 of this act and may also be used for the purchase of additional new voting machines for educational purposes.
- (b) The secretary may also purchase a limited number of existing voting machines to extend the useful life of voting machines currently in use by municipalities.
- Sec. 7. Not later than January 1, 2002, the Secretary of the State shall submit a report on voting machine technology to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to elections. The report shall include (1) an inventory of the

- number and condition of all existing voting machines used by municipalities for elections, primaries and referenda under title 9 of the general statutes, an estimate of the annual cost of maintaining said machines over the next five years and an estimate of the cost of purchasing additional used voting machines, and (2) an estimate of the cost of replacing said voting machines with a new type of voting machine.
- Sec. 8. Section 9-242a of the general statutes is repealed.
- Sec. 9. This act shall take effect from its passage.

Statement of Purpose:

To provide for the replacement of all existing voting machines for elections, primaries and referenda with voting machines using a new type of voting technology.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]